# ACHARYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY Bangalore - 560090

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## Fourth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Dec.2016/Jan.2017

## **Kinematics of Machines**

Time: 3 hrs. Max. Marks: 100

Note: Answer FIVE full questions, selecting at least TWO questions from each part.

### PART - A

- 1 a. Define with suitable examples:
  - i) Structure

- ii) Machine
- iii) Mechanism

iv) Lower pair

(08 Marks)

b. Sketch and explain the inversions of double slider crank chain.

(12 Marks)

2 a. Sketch and explain the crank and slotted lever mechanism.

(06 Marks)

b. Sketch and explain Geneva wheel mechanism.

- (07 Marks)
- c. Sketch Ackerman steering mechanism and obtain condition for correct steering.
  - . (07 Marks)

- 3 a. Define the following:
  - i) Linear and angular velocity.
  - ii) Linear and angular acceleration

- (06 Marks)
- b. The crank of a slider crank mechanism is 480 mm long and rotates uniformly at 20 rad/sec in the counter clockwise direction. It has a connecting rod of 1600 mm long. Determine the following when the crank is at 60° from the inner dead centre.
  - i) Velocity of slider
  - ii) Angular velocity of connecting rod and
  - iii) The position and velocity of a point 'p' on the connecting rod having least absolute velocity. (14 Marks)
- 4 a. Define instantaneous centre and state the types of instantaneous centres. (04 Marks)
  - b. In a slider crank mechanism the crank OA = 300 mm and connecting rod AB = 1200 mm. The crank OA is turned 30° from inner dead centre. Locate all the instantaneous centres. If the crank rotates at 15 rad/sec clockwise, find: i) velocity of slider, B; ii) angular velocity of connecting rod AB.
  - c. Explain Klein's construction for slider-crank mechanism.

#### (08 Marks)

#### PART - B

- Using complex algebra, derive expression for velocity and acceleration of the piston and angular acceleration of connecting for a reciprocating engine mechanism. Use these expressions to find the above, if the crank length is 50 mm, connecting rod is 200 mm long, crank angle is 30°, the crank rotates at a constant speed of 3000 rpm. (20 Marks)
- 6 a. Compare cycloidal and involute gear tooth profile.

(04 Marks)

- b. Derive an equation to determine the length of path of contact by a pair of mating spur gear.

  (08 Marks)
- c. Two mating gears with module pitch 6 mm have 20 and 50 teeth of pressure angle 20° and addendum 6 mm. Determine the number of pairs of teeth in contact. (08 Marks)

- 7 a. Sketch and explain:
  - i) Compound gear train,
  - ii) Epicyclic gear train.

(06 Marks)

- b. A fixed annular gear A and a smaller concentric rotating gear B are connected by a compound gear C and D. The gear C mesh with gear A and D with B. The compound gears revolved in a pin on the arm R, which revolves about the axis of A and B. The number of teeth on gears A, B and D are 150, 40 and 100 respectively. Determine the number of teeth on gear C, if the gear A and C have twice the module of gear B and D. How many revolutions will B make for one complete revolution of the arm R?
- The following data relate to a cam profile in which the follower moves with UARM during 8 ascent and descent.

Minimum radius of the cam = 25 mm

Roller diameter = 10 mm

Lift = 30 mm

Offset of follower axis = 10 mm towards right

Angle of ascent =  $60^{\circ}$ 

Angle of descent =  $90^{\circ}$ 

Angle of dwell between ascent and descent =  $45^{\circ}$ 

\*\*\*\* Speed of the cam = 200 rpm

Draw the profile of the cam.

(20 Marks)